

REVISION: SUPERSEDES: PAGE:

10/5/2010 4/9/2009 1 OF 4

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Trade Name:

NYACOL* A1530 Antimony Pentoxide Sol

Chemical Name:

Antimony Pentoxide

Synonyms: Product Code:

None A1530

Use:

Flame Retardant, Catalyst

Manufacturer:

Nyacol Nano Technologies, Inc.

Megunko Road, P.O. Box 349, Ashland, MA 01721 U.S.A.

508-881-2220

Emergency Telephone:

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

E-mail Contact:

info@nyacol.com

2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component Antimony Pentoxide	<u>CAS RN</u>	Exposure Limits	Percent By Weight
partially ion exchanged with sodium ions:	1314-60-9	0.5mg/M³ (Antimony)	25 – 35
Triethanolamine:	102-71-6	5.0mg/M ³	1 – 2
Water:	7732-18-5	None.	64 – 74
Component	EINECS #	RTECS #	REACH #
Antimony Pentoxide:	215-237-7	CC6300000	05-2117294568-25-0000
Triethanolamine:	203-049-8	KL9275000	05-2117294583-33-0000
Water:	231-791-2	ZC0110000	None.

3. Hazard Identification

Emergency Overview

White liquid. No odor. Keep spills out of surface waters.

Classification Symbol:

Harmful.

Xn

Risk Phrases: Safety Phrases:

R20/22 Harmful by inhalation or if swallowed. S2 Keep out of the reach of children.

Do not breathe dust. **S22**

Potential Health Effects / Health Hazard Identification

Acute Exposure -

Eye:

Irritant.

Skin:

Irritation, drying or cracking of skin due to drying effect.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal effects such as vomiting and diarrhea have been reported in both

humans and animals after ingesting antimony compounds.

Inhalation:

Pneumoconiosis and upper airway inflammation.

Chronic Exposure:

Chronic exposure to antimony compounds has caused damage to the heart with altered ECG, high blood pressure, ulcers and disturbances in menstruation.

Other Hazards

Known Synergists: None known. Explosion Hazard: None known. Fire Hazard: None known. Corrosion Hazard: None known.

4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Flush eyes with large quantities of water. If irritation persists get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water.

CONTINUED →



REVISION: SUPERSEDES: PAGE:

10/5/2010 4/9/2009 2 OF 4

First Aid Measures, continued

Ingestion:

If swallowed seek medical attention immediately. If medical attention is not available induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person.

Inhalation:

Remove person from exposure source, get medical help.

First Aid Facilities:

Eye wash station, Syrup of Ipecac.

Advice to Physicians:

Reports of occupational exposure to inorganic antimony compounds include skin

rash, gastrointestinal disturbances and ECG alterations. Therapeutic

administration of antimonial drugs has reported side effects of ECG changes in the T wave and possible heart failure. Liver damage has also been reported. Studies with pentavalent antimonial drugs show 19-43% of the antimony being excreted after 24 hours. See U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare

document Occupational Exposure to Antimony for details.

5. Firefighting Measures

Flammability:

Extinguishing Media:

Will not burn in a fire. Containers can build pressure if exposed to heat or fire.

All are acceptable. Cool container with water spray.

Protective Equipment:

Wear standard full firefighting turn out gear (full bunker gear) and respiratory

protection (SCBA).

Special Exposure Hazard:

None known.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Leaks and Spills:

Contain spill or leak with sand, clay or absorbents. Recover liquid for recycle or disposal. Do not allow spills into sewers or surface waters. Place absorbents,

waste products and contaminated soil into containers for disposal.

Personal Protection:

Eye protection and impervious gloves.

Approved air-purifying respirator if dust or mist is present.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Avoid generating mist or dust during use.

Storage:

Store in cool dry area. Do not freeze.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Control:

Respiratory Protection:

Use exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits. When respiratory protection is required or concentrations are unknown, use an

approved air-purifying respirator with a dust cartridge.

Liquid. NYACOL A1530 is a water-based material.

Skin Protection:

Clean body-covering clothing. Impervious gloves, e.g. neoprene.

Eye Protection:

Wear approved safety glasses.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:

White liquid.

Odor:

No odor.

Physical State:

:Hq **Boiling Point:**

100°C (212°F) water

Freezing Point:

0°C (32°F) water

Flash Point:

None.

Vapor Pressure:

2260 kPs (17 mm Hg) at 20°C water

Oxidizing Properties:

Not an oxidizer.

Solubility in Water:

Soluble in all proportions.

Density:

1400 Kg/M³



REVISION: SUPERSEDES: PAGE:

10/5/2010 4/9/2009 3 OF 4

9. Physical and Chemical Properties, continued

Specific Gravity:

1.4 (water = 1)

Volatile by Weight:

64 - 74%

Viscosity:

<10 cP

Explosion Limits:

Not applicable.

Partition Coefficient:

Not applicable.

Evaporation Rate:

Slow (Butyl Acetate = 1)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability:

A1530 is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling

conditions.

Conditions To Avoid:

Incompatibility With Other

Materials:

No recommendation.

Use of A1530 under acidic reducing conditions may form the poisonous gas

stibine.

Hazardous Decomposition

Hazardous Polymerization:

Products:

Oxides of nitrogen and carbon.

Will not occur.

11aToxicological Information

LD50, Rat, Oral

Antimony Pentoxide:

Greater than 4123 mg/kg

Triethanolamine:

4920 uL/kg

Mater

Effects

Eye Effects:

None reported

Skin Effects:

No published data available. This material should be irritating based on pH. No published data available. Workers exposed to this product have reported dry

skin.

Inhalation Effects:

Ingestion Effects:

Published reports claim respiratory irritation for mixed antimony compounds. Published reports claim gastrointestinal effects such as vomiting and diarrhea

after ingesting antimony compounds.

12. **Ecological Information**

Ecotoxicity:

Antimony does not appear to bioconcentrate appreciably in fish. Plant uptake of antimony from soil is minor and correlates to the amount of available antimony. Antimony does not appear to biomagnify from lower to higher trophic levels in the food chain.

Persistence:

Reports claim that antimony compounds released in the environment are absorbed by soil with no general mobility except in sandy soils. Some

methylated antimony compounds can form in reducing conditions such as found

in anaerobic sediment.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Considerations:

A1530 should be recycled or solidified for disposal in a landfill approved for

United States:

Should A1530 become a waste the EPA TCLP test should be performed. If this test is not done then the waste should be treated as an EP toxic material and

given EPA waste numbers D004 and D008.

14. Transport Information

> Regulations U.S. D.O.T.: ICAO / IATA: IMO / IMDG: ADR:

Shipping Name Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.

Hazard Class Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.

Packing Group Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.

U.N. Number Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.

Not applicable.



REVISION: SUPERSEDES: PAGE:

10/5/2010 4/9/2009 4 OF 4

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations

EPA TSCA Inventory: SARA Section 313:

All ingredients listed.

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to reporting

requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-

Know Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372:

Chemical Name

CAS RN

Percent By Weight

25 - 35

Antimony Pentoxide 1314-60-9 See Section 14.

D.O.T. Regulations: U.S. State Regulations

StateRight-to-KnowLaws:

Section 2 of this MSDS lists all components of A1530.

Canadian Regulations

Domestic Substance List:

WHMIS:

All ingredients listed.

Class D, Division 2, material causing other toxic effects.

Transportation of Dangerous

Goods:

Controlled Products Regulations:

Not applicable. A1530 does not meet dangerous goods criteria.

This MSDS contains all the information items specified in Schedule 1, Column 3 of the Controlled Products Regulations in a 16-heading format.

German Regulations

Wassergefährdungsklasse Classification by Manufacturer:

(Water Pollution Class)

WGK2

EC Regulations

Classification:

Safety Phrases:

Xn Harmful.

Symbol:

St. Andrew's Cross

Risk Phrases:

R20/22 Harmful by inhalation or if swallowed.

S2 Keep out of the reach of children.

S22 Do not breathe dust.

International Inventory Status

Ingredients are included:

Australia (AICS); Canada (DSL); China (IECSC); Europe (EINECS); Japan (ENCS);

Korea (ECL); Philippines (PICCS); SWISS

16. Other Information

NFPA 704 Hazard Rating:

Health – 0, Flammability – 0, Reactivity – 0, Special – None

HMIS° Hazard Rating:

Health – 1, Flammability – 0, Reactivity – 0

Recommended Use:

Protective Equipment-E: Safety Glasses, Gloves, Dust Respirator

Flame retardant synergist or catalyst. For industrial use only, not for food, drug

or home use.

Work Alert:

Workers using A1530 should read and understand this MSDS and be trained in

the proper use of this material.

MSDS Prepared By:

David L. Catone

Technical Service & Product Development Manager

R&D Department

Nyacol Nano Technologies, Inc. Telephone: 508-881-2220 U.S.A.

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